1.2 Compound Interest

<u>Compound Interest</u>: the interest earned or paid on both the <u>principal</u> and the accumulated <u>interest</u>

Consider these 2 choices:

- 1. Ewan invests \$1 000 000 in a simple interest GIC for 5 years at 3.6% annually
- 2. Rena invests \$1 000 000 in a compound interest GIC for 5 years at 3.6% annually

| end of 7 to s | | | | | |
|---------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|----------|
| <u>simple</u> | year 1 | year 2 | year 3 | year 4 | year 5 |
| total — | 1036000 | 1072000 | 108 000 | 1 144 680 | 1180 000 |

Tabulate the value of each investment at the end of each of the 5 years



Ex// Which investment will generate the largest return (increase in value) and rate of return (percentage of investment)?

- 1. \$6000 for 4 years @ 1.2% compounded annually
- 2. \$5000 for 5 years @ 5% compounded annually
- 3. \$4000 for 6 years @ 6% compounded annually

$$\begin{aligned} 1. \ FV = P(1+r)^{t} & \Rightarrow RoR = \frac{293.23}{6000} \\ &= 6800(1+0.0R)^{t} & = 293.23 \\ FV = 6293.23 \Rightarrow T = 293.23 \\ &= 0.04887... \\ &= 4.892. \end{aligned}$$

$$2. \ FV = 5000(1+0.05)^{t} \\ &= 6381.41 \Rightarrow T = 1381.41^{t} \Rightarrow RoR = \frac{1381.41}{5000} = 27.632. \end{aligned}$$

$$3. \ FV = 4000(1+0.06)^{t} \\ &= 5674.08 \Rightarrow T = 1674.08^{t} \Rightarrow RoR = \frac{1574.08}{4000} = 41.852. \end{aligned}$$

Homework: pg. 19 #1, 2 AND

- 1. Which generates a better rate of return?
 - a) \$8000 invested over 10 years @ 4.5% compounded annually
 - b) \$10000 invested over 8 years @ 5.5% compounded annually
- What interest rate is needed to grow \$10000 into \$10506.25 over 2 2. years if the investment is compounded annually?

Answers

1. a) is \$4423.76 with a rate of return of 55.29%, b) is \$5346.87 with a rate of return of 53.47% 2. 2.5%