## 3.5a Factoring $x^{2}+b x+c$

A trinomial is factorable if certain conditions are present. Consider the expansion of:

$$
(x+2)(x+3)
$$

Now break down these trinomials into factors...

$$
\text { ex. } x^{2}+5 x+6 \quad \text { ex. } x^{2}+3 x-10
$$

***We're always looking for $\square$ of $\square$ that have a $\square$ of $\square$

Try these examples
a) $x^{2}+10 x+21$
b) $x^{2}-x-20$
c) $x^{2}-11 x+28$
d) $x^{2}+5 x-6$

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Hand in c) for each next class

