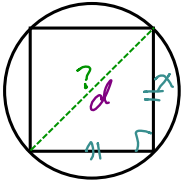


23, 9d, 10d, 15

$$\begin{aligned}
 9d) & \frac{2}{3}\sqrt[3]{81} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{375}}{4} - 4\sqrt{99} + 5\sqrt{11} \\
 &= \frac{2}{3}\sqrt[3]{27 \cdot 3} + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt[3]{125 \cdot 3} - 4\sqrt{9 \cdot 11} + 5\sqrt{11} \\
 &= \frac{2}{3}(3)\sqrt[3]{3} + \frac{1}{4}(5)\sqrt[3]{3} - 4(3)\sqrt{11} + 5\sqrt{11} \\
 &= \frac{4 \times 2}{1 \times 4}\sqrt[3]{3} + \frac{5}{4}\sqrt[3]{3} - 12\sqrt{11} + 5\sqrt{11} \\
 &= \frac{13}{4}\sqrt[3]{3} - 7\sqrt{11}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 10d) & \frac{W}{5}\sqrt[3]{-64} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{512W^3}}{5} - \frac{2}{5}\sqrt{50w} - 4\sqrt{2w} \\
 &= \frac{W}{5}(-4) + \frac{8W}{5} - \frac{2}{5}\sqrt{25 \cdot 2w} - 4\sqrt{2w} \\
 &= -\frac{4W}{5} + \frac{8W}{5} - \frac{10}{5}\sqrt{2w} - 4\sqrt{2w} \\
 &= \frac{4W}{5} - 6\sqrt{2w}
 \end{aligned}$$

15. 

a) $A_0 = \pi r^2$
 $38\pi = \pi r^2$
 $\pm\sqrt{38} = r$
 $\sqrt{38} = r$

b) $x^2 + x^2 = d^2$ ← pythagoras
 $2x^2 = (2\sqrt{38})^2$
 $2x^2 = 4(38)$
 $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{76} \Rightarrow x = \sqrt{76}$
 $x = \sqrt{19 \cdot 4}$
 $x = 2\sqrt{19}$

$d = 2r$
 $d = 2\sqrt{38}$

$\therefore P = 4x$
 $= 4(2\sqrt{19})$
 $P = 8\sqrt{19}$

#23. $\sqrt{27}, \dots, 9\sqrt{3}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sqrt{27} + 3d &= 9\sqrt{3} \\
 3d &= 9\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{27} \\
 3d &= 9\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{3} \\
 3d &= 6\sqrt{3} \Rightarrow d = 2\sqrt{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$\sqrt{9-3} = 3\sqrt{3}$

5.2a Operations with Radicals

* To multiply and divide radicals we must remember the following properties:

$$\sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{ab}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{b}} = \sqrt[n]{\frac{a}{b}}$$

Note: the indexes MUST always be the SAME

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ex. a) } & (2\sqrt{3})(5\sqrt{5}) \\ & = 2 \cdot 5 \cdot \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{5} \\ & = 10\sqrt{15} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } & (7\sqrt{3})(5\sqrt{5} - 6\sqrt{3}) \\ & = 35\sqrt{15} - 42\sqrt{9} \\ & = 35\sqrt{15} - 42(3) \\ & = 35\sqrt{15} - 126 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{e) } & 9\sqrt[3]{2w}(\sqrt[3]{8w^2} - 3) \\ & = 9\sqrt[3]{16w^3} - 27\sqrt[3]{2w} \\ & = 9\sqrt[3]{8 \cdot 2w^3} - 27\sqrt[3]{2w} \\ & = 9(2w)\sqrt[3]{2} - 27\sqrt[3]{2w} \\ & = 18w\sqrt[3]{2} - 27\sqrt[3]{2w} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } & (2\sqrt{7})(4\sqrt{75}) = (2\sqrt{7})(4\sqrt{25 \cdot 3}) \\ & = (2\sqrt{7})(20\sqrt{3}) \\ & = 40\sqrt{21} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d) } & (8\sqrt{2} - 5)(4 - 3\sqrt{2}) \\ & = 32\sqrt{2} - 24(2) - 20 + 15\sqrt{2} \\ & = 47\sqrt{2} - 68 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{f) } & \frac{4\sqrt[3]{6}}{2\sqrt[3]{3}} = \frac{4}{2} \cdot \sqrt[3]{\frac{6}{3}} \\ & = 2\sqrt[3]{2} \end{aligned}$$