

## 7.2 Exponential Functions and their Equations

Graph each function and complete the table below:

a)  $f(x) = 1(2)^x$

b)  $g(x) = 1(3)^x$

c)  $h(x) = 4(2)^x$

*↳ y-int.*

d)  $j(x) = 1\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$

e)  $k(x) = 2\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x$

$x$	$f(x)$	$g(x)$	$h(x)$	$j(x)$	$k(x)$
-2	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{9}$	1	4	18
-1	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	2	$2^{\frac{1}{2}}$	6
0	1	1	4	1	2
1	2	3	8	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{2}{3}$
2	4	9	16	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{2}{9}$
3	8	27	32	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{2}{27}$
y-int.	1	1	4	1	2
Incr./decr.	incr.	incr.	incr.	decr.	decr.

- For  $k(x)$  predict the y-intercept and whether or not it is increasing
- What relationship exists between consecutive values of an exponential function? *consecutive values are multiplied by the base as  $x$  increases*
- Do the parameters affect end behaviour, domain or range?

for all:  $\mathbb{Q} \cup \mathbb{I} \rightarrow \mathbb{I}$   $x \in \mathbb{R}$   $\{y \in \mathbb{R} \mid y > 0\}$

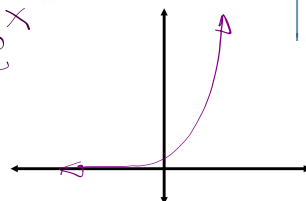
### EXAMPLE 1 Connecting the characteristics of an increasing exponential function to its equation and graph

Predict the number of x-intercepts, the y-intercept, the end behaviour, the domain, and the range of the following function:

$x \in \mathbb{R}$   $\{y \in \mathbb{R} \mid y > 0\}$   $y = e^x$

Use the equation of the function to make your predictions. Verify your predictions by creating a table of values and graphing of the function.

$y = [2^{ncl}] [Ln] = e^x$



#### Communication Tip

The symbol  $e$  is a constant known as Euler's number. It is an irrational number that equals 2.718.... This number occurs naturally in some situations where a quantity increases continuously, such as increasing populations.

**EXAMPLE 2**

**Connecting the characteristics of a decreasing exponential function to its equation and graph**

Predict the number of  $x$ -intercepts, the  $y$ -intercept, the end behaviour, the domain, the range, and whether this function is increasing or decreasing.

$x \in \mathbb{R}$     $y > 0$     $y = 9\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^x$     $\frac{2}{3} < 1$

Use the equation of the function to make your predictions. Verify your predictions by creating a table of values and graphing the function.

**Your Turn**

Predict the number of  $x$ -intercepts, the  $y$ -intercept, the end behaviour, the domain, the range, and whether this function is increasing or decreasing:

$\frac{3}{4} < 1$     $f(x) = 8\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^x$     $y = 8$    Same as above

Use the equation of the function to make your predictions. Verify your predictions by creating a table of values and graphing the function.

**EXAMPLE 3**

**Matching an exponential equation with its corresponding graph**

Which exponential function matches each graph below? Provide your reasoning.

- i)  $y = 3(0.2)^x$    ii)  $y = 4(3)^x$    iii)  $y = 4(0.5)^x$    iv)  $y = 2(4)^x$

